

MODEL 4100-OWM % Water In Oil Monitor

User Manual

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A Product of Arjay Engineering Ltd. Oakville, Ontario, Canada

www.ArjayEng.com

MODEL:	
HARDWARE NO.:	
SOFTWARE NO.:	
SERIAL NO.:	

316SS wetted metals with Teflon coated probe

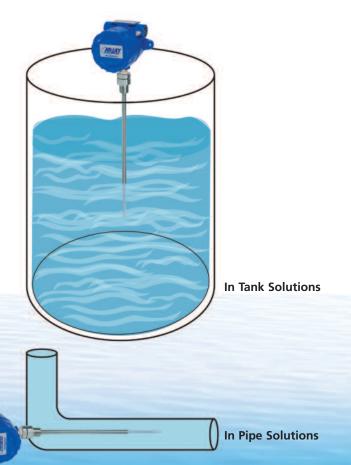
up to 1 km

(beacon and buzzer optional)



Continuous monitoring for % concentration of water in oil emulsions





4100-**OWM**

Features and Benefits

- no moving parts
- remote electronics via standard twisted pair
- all set-up, calibration and diagnostics are accessed at the control panel
- multi-point calibration curve
- all control wiring and interface is done at the control panel
- HF capacitance technology does not require routine cleaning
- · touch screen interface for easy set-up and user interface
- trend display of hour, day or month increments

Technical Specifications - Probe

-60°C to +260°C Process Temp. Ambient Temp. -60°C to +55°C

Pressure 103 bar/10342 kPA/1500psi

at stable temperature

Process Connection **Explosion Proof Intrinsic Safety**

available threaded or flanged CSA Div 1, Class 1, Groups C,D Approved Intrinsically Safe

when ordered with Approved Barrier in Control Unit CAN/CSA E60079-11: Class I, Groups A,B,C,D; Class II, Groups E,F,G; Class III, Encl.Type 4

CRN ABSA-CRN #OF07450.2 **Wetted Parts** 316SS and Teflon

Technical Specifications - Control Panel

Operating Temp. 0°C to +55°C

.007% (.07 pF at 1,000 pF) Resolution .04% of full scale pF Accuracy

Power Input 24 vdc or 80-240 vac +/-10%,1P, 50-60 HZ Display touch screen full colour tank view graphics,

% and engineering units

trend line selectable hours, days or none

four SPDT, 10 amp @ 240 vac, dry Type 4 metal painted blue / IP 66 optional Type 4X SS or polycarbonate

Approvals to UL / CSA / CE

IEC 61010

Optional Interfaces

Relay Outputs

Enclosure

Analog Output 4-20 mA non-isolated Communication RS-485 Modbus

Accuracy Note: Reading accuracy is dependent on many variables such as fluid dielectric stability, temperature, blending dynamics, etc. This monitor is designed for general monitoring and trending of process conditions. A 5-point calibration curve can be entered to enhance accuracy within your desired range.

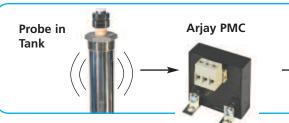
Minimum Calibration Range: 0-5% water in oil Maximum Calibration Range: 0-40% water in oil

Expected Accuracies in stable conditions:

<1%: not recommended

1-25% water in oil: +/- 5% of reading 25-40% water in oil: +/- 10% of reading

Probe materials are eligible for NACE MR-0175 Compliance





App Board



Control Unit Interface

Probe Assembly

The Arjay PMC (pulse module circuit) installed at the probe converts the separator signals to a frequency pulse. This allows the controller to be safely mounted up to 1 km away from the tank with virtually no loss to signal stability. No operator interface is required at the probe using this unique Arjay PMC design.

Control Panel

All calibration, control interface and power wiring is done at the main control unit. The touch screen provides a simple menu-driven operator interface and display.

The Arjay App board is the heart of the 4100-OWM. This board monitors and controls the signals from the probe, applies the appropriate calibration algorithms and interfaces this information to the touch screen and PLC hardware.

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1.0 INSTRUMENT OVERVIEW

The Arjay Model 4100-OWM is a capacitance based monitor used for the measurement of emulsions, interface, concentrations and control of water in oil or other mixtures in a pipe or vessel. The control panel receives an input from the Arjay PMC card installed at the sensing probe and, through a site calibration, displays the % water in oil and provides proportional outputs and relay control.

The unit senses the oil /water interface or emulsion concentration using an RF capacitance measurement technique for high resolution capacitance measurements. The probe capacitance to % concentration is not a linear relationship over the full concentration range and accuracies are best at or near the calibration points. The controller allows for up to 5 points of calibration to enhance accuracy over an extended range. The % indication and corresponding outputs are ideally suited for trending and process data collection. Best sensitivity is provided in the Water in Oil phase. Lower sensitivity is provided in the Oil in Water phase.

The main panel receives an input from the Arjay PMC card installed in the sensing probe junction box. Through a site calibration, the unit displays the % water in oil as well as the capacitance value in picofarads (pF) and provides proportional outputs and relay controls.

The monitoring system is comprised of one main control panel, the PMC card at the probe and the sensing probe.

Optional Remote alarm panels can also be added that will display and provide audio/visual alarms.

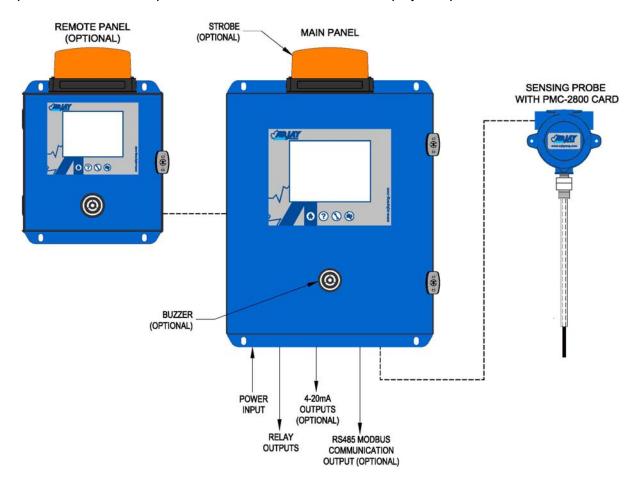


Figure 1 – Instrument System Overview

Main Panel

The main panel is a wall mounted touch screen monitor to be installed in a general purpose (non-hazardous) location that is accessible for set-up and observation of the display and alarms.

Four relays are available. Relay 1, 2 & 3 can be field set to alarm at any % level within the range of the probe. Relay 4 is factory set as a system fault relay. Relay 4 can be set to act as a normal alarm relay. See section 4.2 for instruction to change alarm setup.

A 4-20 mA non-isolated output and Modbus RS-485 are optional. The power input at the main panel serves the HMI, PLC, PMC and probe requirements.

An optional buzzer and strobe (beacon) are available.

The sensing probe is approved for Class 1 Group C&D hazardous locations and can also be made Intrinsically Safe for Hazardous Classified locations through the installation of an IS Barrier in the main panel.

The main panel screen provides additional user interface menus for diagnostics, analog output, calibration, set-up and general help information. Diagnostic Menus can be accessed for viewing at any time but a password entry is required to make setup changes.

Remote Panel

Remote panels are available to mimic the screen and audio/visual alarms of the main panel. All access to the touch screen menus are password protected on the remote panels.

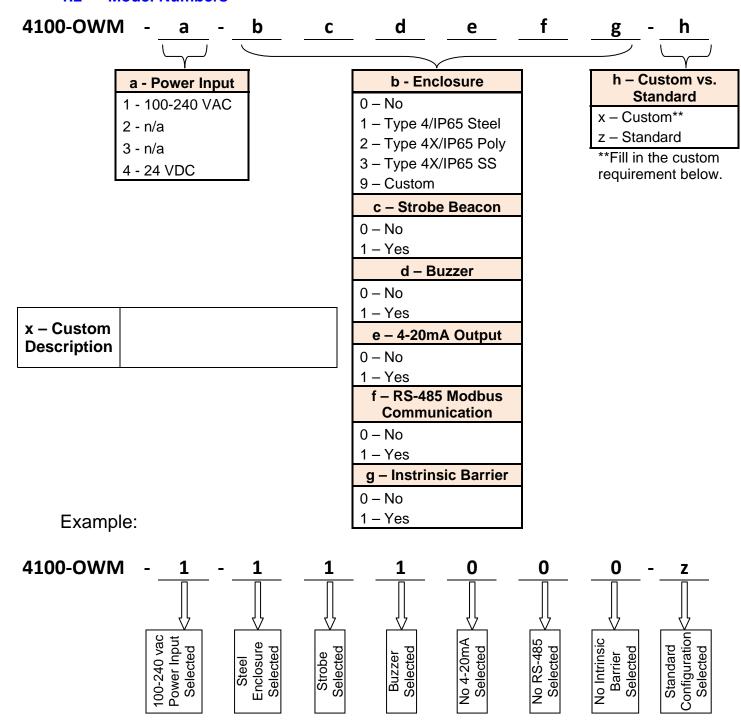
Remote PMC and Sensing Probe

An Arjay PMC card is installed in the sensing probe junction box. This converts the capacitance reading of the sensing probe into a frequency pulse for transmission to the main panel. This unique approach eliminates any operator interface requirements at the probe. All diagnostics and calibration is done at the main panel.

1.1 Features

- Touch Screen interface with passcode protection
- Microprocessor based Controller
- Optional Strobe / Buzzer
- Display in % water in oil
- Diagnostic, set-up and Help menus on all screens
- Four alarm relays
- Optional analog outputs and RS-485 communication
- Arjay PMC Card input

1.2 Model Numbers



1.3 Specifications

Power Input: 100-240 VAC +/- 10%, 50/60 Hz, (1.22A → 0.66A) 1.6A fuse

24 vdc, 2.5 amp MAX (Optional)

User Interface:

Touch Screen Full Colour 6 " display on Main Panel

Monochrome 4" on Remote Panel

Outputs:

Alarm Relay Output DPDT relay, 8 A @ 250 VAC dry contacts

Selectable failsafe or non-failsafe

Programmable time delay: 0 – 60 minutes ON and OFF

Three relays for setpoint alarms

One relay for system fault alarm (Selectable)

Analog (Optional) 0/4-20 mA non-isolated, 600 ohms

Self powered -Direct or Indirect

Communication (Optional) RS-485 Modbus

Probe Input: Capacitance Probe with PMC input

Accuracy: 0.04% of full scale pF

Resolution: 0.007% (0.07pF at 1000pF)

Environmental:

Ambient Temperature Controller 0 to +55 °C

PMC -60°C to +55 °C

Sensing Probe -60°C to +260 °C

Process Pressure 103 bar / 10342 kPA /1500 psi

Relative humidity 0 to 95% (non-condensing)

Installation Category II
Pollution Degree 2

Mechanical Specification: Refer to dimensional drawing

2.0 INSTALLATION

NOTE: If any damage to the instrument is found, please notify an Arjay Engineering representative as soon as possible prior to installation.

2.1 Main and Remote Panel Installation

Choose a mounting location in accordance with good instrument practice. Extremes of ambient temperature and vibration should be avoided (see specifications and installation drawing).

Remote mimic panels can be mounted up to 300 meters away from the main panel.

The PMC and sensing probe can be mounted up to 1 km away from the main panel.

Important Note: The controller can be set in a Failsafe mode. This means that the relays are in an energized state during normal operation. The N.O. relay contact will be held closed and the N.C. relay contact will be held open during a normal condition. This will allow the relay to return to its non-energized (shelf) state during an alarm, fault or power failure condition.

2.2 Probe Installation

The probe length is customer specified based on the tank or pipe dimensions and required depth into the liquid being measured. Usually Teflon coated probes are used.

Typical probe entry into a tank requires a 3/4" NPT opening (standard probes), 1" NPT opening (heavy duty probes), or 2"NPT (shielded probes). Flanges and concentric shields are available as options. The entrance configuration may vary depending on the application requirements. Use a wrench on only the lower half (tank side) of the probe fitting when installing or removing the probe from the tank or flange. The probe fittings are compression type with Teflon ferrules assembled by applying torque between the two fitting sections. The fittings are sealed at the factory to provide a compression seal capable of withstanding high pressures. Once opened they cannot be reassembled without new ferrules.

Pipe Mounting: The probe can be mounted parallel or at any angle into a pipe. To mount parallel, a connection point at an elbow is recommended with the probe tip at downstream direction.

To mount at 90° or other angle, consider the product viscosity and flow strain against the probe.

Tank Mounting: The probe can be mounted from any angle into the tank. If top mounted, an inactive sheath is required to blind the probe for liquid level changes and the air space.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> The active probe portion (exposed white Teflon sleeve) must be submerged in liquid all the time. Exposure to air will not damage the probe, but will cause a reduced capacitance reading, resulting in a false positive oil % reading.

The following points are important when installing the probe:

 Reference ground: This is important and is typically the metal walls of the tank or pipe. For non-metallic tanks, a concentrically shielded probe is required which provides its own Ground. IMPORTANT: For threaded entry and flange entry probes, make sure the threads are clean to ensure a good electrical ground connection between the tank, flange and fitting.

- 2. **The distance between the probe and the ground reference:** This only applies to probes without concentric shields. The closer the distance to the tank or pipe wall, the greater the sensitivity of measurement; too close and bridging problems may occur.
- 3. **Temperature change of the material in the tank**. The amount of measurement error depends on the material. If the temperature change is excessive, temperature correction may be required.
- 4. **Agitators or moving objects in the tank:** Moving objects in the tank close to the probe such as agitator blades, moving baffles etc. appear as moving ground references to a capacitance probe and can cause measurement errors. In applications where these objects are present, a concentrically shielded probe should be used.

Below is an overview of the PMC (Pulse Module Circuit) installed at the probe.

- 1. Remove probe junction enclosure cover.
- 2. If PMC 2800 is not already installed, mount onto the standoffs in the base of the probe junction enclosure.
- 3. Remove the mating connector and wire it as shown.
- 4. Make sure junction box is electrical grounded.

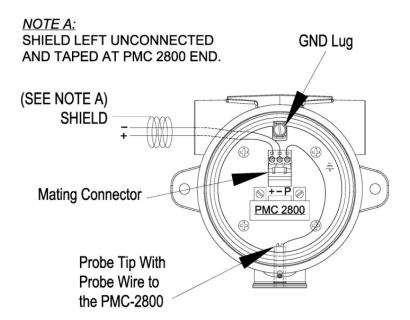


Figure 2 – PMC Installation Overview

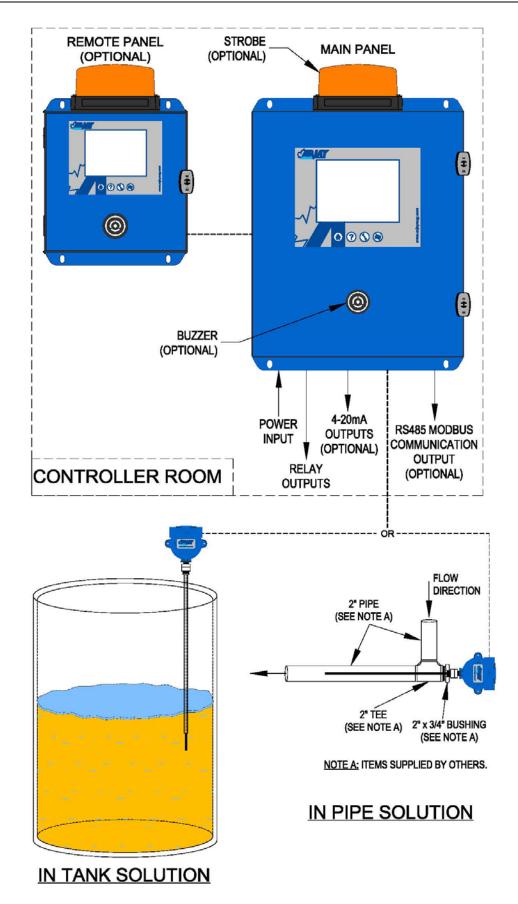


Figure 3 – Typical Water In Oil Application Overview

2.3 Electrical Installation

Refer to the drawings provided by the contractual engineer for your project and the drawings included with this manual.

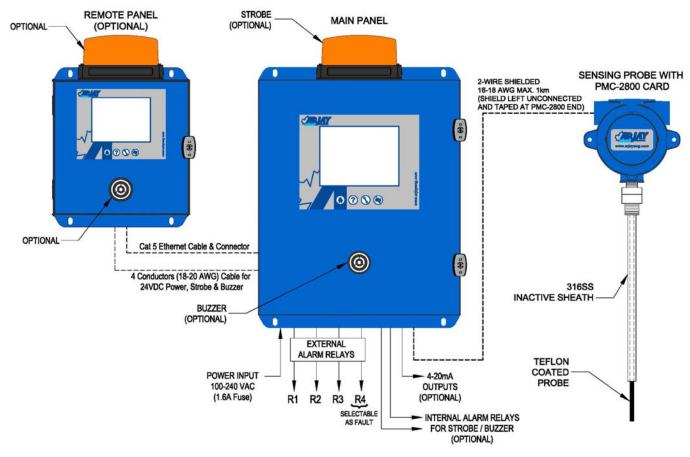


Figure 4 – Electrical Installation Overview

Wiring

The main control panel supplies a 24 VDC power signal to the PMC at the probe. When the PMC is connected, the voltage is 8 -10 VDC.

The PMC card drops a frequency pulse onto the power wiring for a return signal to the main control unit. Required wiring between the PMC and the main control unit is two conductor shielded hook-up cable.

A typical wiring type is 18AWG two conductor shielded (Belden #8760 or equivalent).

*Shielded wire is required on all installations.

Maximum wire length is 1km between controller & PMC junction box.

Refer to the detailed electrical drawings included at the back of this manual.

2.4 Glossary of Symbols



Attention, consult accompanying documents Attention, veuillez consulter les documents ci-joints.



Protective Earth
Terre de protection

Direct Current (DC)
Courant continu

1

Normally closed relay contacts Contacts Repos

Power on Marche (mise sous tension)

Neutral Neutre

Fuse

Coupe-circuit; fusible



Normally open relay contacts

Contacts travail



Power off

ArróÕ (mise hors tension)

Live

Sous tension

G

Ground Terre

3.0 POWER UP INTRODUCTION

3.1 Power Up

Check that the power wiring and connections to the main panel, remote panel, PMC card at the probe and interfaced equipment are wired in accordance with the electrical installation drawings.

Power On the unit.

The main screen will light up and run through initialization. After any power interruption, the system will run through this same 30 second initialization.

The main and remote panels are set to factory defaults or customer specifications. After the initial installation, the alarm and output functions must be set by the customer and a process calibration is required. These entries are retained in the CPU memory and are not required after any further power disruption.

Confirm the screen reads similar to the following.

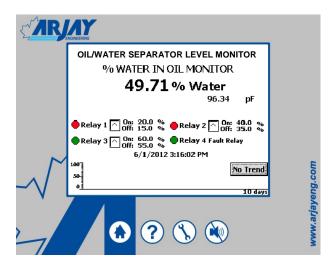


Figure 5 – Main Screen View

3.2 Screen Menu Background Information

The Trend View logs and provides a graphic display of the % water in oil readings during the past 10 days. This view can be hidden. (Press "No Trend" icon).

In addition to the standard % display, the probe capacitance value in picofarads (pF) will be displayed. This is valuable data for diagnostic and process trending observations.

3.2.1 Keypad Main Menu Entry

Below the touch screen are 4 touch keys.



Home

At any time, you can press the Home Key to return directly to the Home Screen



Help

This provides serial number information and an overview of the system operation and components. Contact details for technical help are included at the end of the text.



Tools

Access this section to view or configure the screen and control settings, view diagnostics and perform a calibration



Buzzer Silence

During an alarm condition the audio can be silenced. Silencing at any panel will silence all panels. The audio alarm will automatically re-set when the alarm clears.

3.2.2 Password

This model has a touchscreen display. Tap the icon that you wish to change. A keyboard will display for your changes. Press the Return Key to complete.

Accessing any screen that allows parameters to be changed will require a password. The factory password is 2000. Touch within the Password box, a keyboard will display. After the password is entered, press the Return key _____ to complete. Then press OK in Logon screen. Menus can then be accessed.

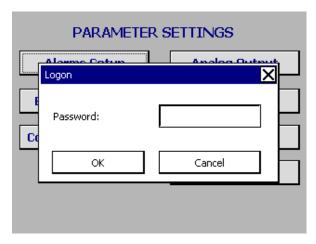
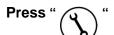


Figure 6 – Password Screen View

4.0 SETUP AND CALIBRATION (PARAMETER SETTINGS)

This section describes the screen, alarm and interface features accessed through the Main Panel. See Controller Setting Sheet (Section 6.0) in back of manual for Factory Default values.



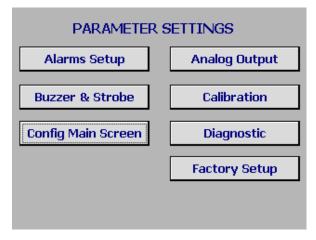


Figure 7 – Parameter Settings Screen View

Enter into the following menu items to configure your monitor.

4.1 Configure Main Screen View

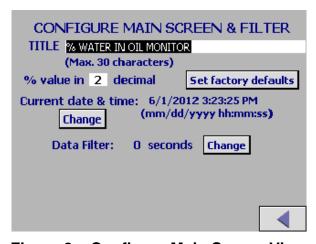


Figure 8 – Configure Main Screen View

The Password 2000 will be required to make changes in this section.

Title: You can personalize the main screen title to your application or tag # (i.e. Separator #6 - LT-4505). Touch the TITLE block and type in your description. The factory default is %WATER IN OIL MONITOR.

Decimal places: The decimal places of the display can be user selected.

Data Filtering

Filtering is used to suppress rapid spikes by adding time delay to the response rate. For example, a sudden change of 40% could cause a valve to move too quickly and upset the process conditions. Adding 10 seconds of delay will dampen the display measurement and mA

output so that it approaches the 40% change over a period of 10 seconds. If the level returns to a lower point, the mA will follow the new path with the same dampening affect.

Current date & Time:

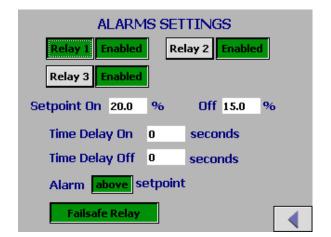
This will only need to be set up upon initialization. It will be used for logging and calibration reminders.

4.2 Alarms

The Password 2000 will be required to make changes in this section.

There are three Alarm setpoint relays, and one fault relay (Factory default). Relay 4 is factory defaulted as a Fault relay.Relay 4 can also be used as general purpose relay. To set relay 4 as general purpose relay, press "**Enabled Relay 4 as fault relay**" on the screen to disable the factory default relay setting.

Relays 1, 2 & 3 are for general purpose use for alarms, valve control, etc...



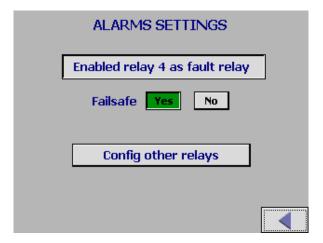


Figure 9 – Alarm Setting Screen Views

To set up Relays 1, 2, 3 and 4**, Enter the "Config other relays" icon. If the icon beside each Relay indicates Enabled, the relay is functional. Pressing the Enabled icon to display Disabled will render the relay Disabled and will remove that relay from the main screen display. It will disable the relay from functioning. If it presently reads Disabled, touch the icon to Enable the relay.

**If selected as general purpose only.

Touch Relay 1 icon so that it is green. Enter the values of parameters described below. (See table 1 for Effect of the relay action and failsafe).

Setpoint ON

This will determine the setpoint water concentration in % at which the alarm relay activates.

Setpoint Off

This will determine the setpoint water concentration in % at which the alarm relay will turn off. This differential feature is used to suppress chattering of alarms if the level is hovering at the setpoint or can be used to control the differential on/off of a pump or valve. (See Figure 10 for examples of differential for pump applications).

Time Delay

<u>Delay ON.</u> This is the time, in seconds, that the relay will delay before activating when the alarm setpoint has been reached. Delay ON is used to suppress a nuisance alarm that may be caused by a spurious or momentary alarm condition.

<u>Delay OFF.</u> The time, in seconds, that the relays will stay on after the level has returned to a normal condition. Delay OFF is used to keep controls activated after the alarm has cleared to ensure a stable normal condition has been reached.

Alarm Above or Below Setpoint

This function is to guide the controller on how to control the failsafe and LED indications on the screen.

Select ABOVE if the requirement is for the relay to alarm when the % water in oil rises above the setpoint.

Select BELOW if the requirement is for the relay to alarm if the % water in oil drops below a setpoint.

The parameters are now set for relay 1. Repeat the above steps for the rest of the Enabled relays.

Failsafe

Failsafe will determine if the relays are energized or de-energized during a normal operating state (no alarm condition).

If Failsafe is YES, the relay will be energized during a normal operating condition. An alarm or power failure will de-energize the relay to the alarm state.

When in Failsafe mode and during a normal condition, the N.O. contact is closed and the N.C. contact is open. WIRE ACCORDINGLY.

TABLE 1: The following table shows the effect of the Relay Action and Failsafe settings. Under normal conditions, the alarm would show "Green".

Relay Action	Failsafe Setting	Effect			
Above	No	 Alarm condition when % water in oil rises above the On Setpoint for at least the alarm delay period. Alarm condition remains active until the % water in oil drops below the Of 			
		 Setpoint. No action is taken when the % water in oil is between the On and Off differential Setpoint. 			
		• In the alarm condition, the corresponding alarm turns Red, and the relay is energized.			
Above	Yes	 Alarm condition set and reset as above. In the alarm condition, the corresponding alarm turns Red, but the relay is de-energized. 			
Below	No	Alarm condition when % water in oil drops below the Off Setpoint for at least the alarm delay period. Alarm condition when % water in oil drops below the Off Setpoint for at least the alarm delay period.			
		Alarm condition remains active until the % water in oil rises above the On Setpoint. No action is taken when the % water is all is between the On and Off.			
		 No action is taken when the % water in oil is between the On and Off differential Setpoints. 			

		In the alarm condition, the corresponding alarm turns Red, and the relay is energized.
Below	Yes	 Alarm condition set and reset as above. In the alarm condition, the corresponding alarm turns Red, but the relay is de-energized.

4.3 Analog Output

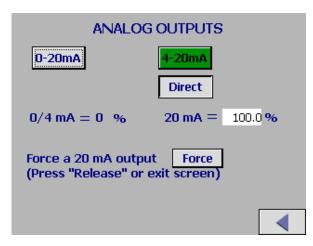


Figure 10 - Analog Output Screen View

The Passcode 2000 will be required to make changes in this section.

0-20mA vs 4-20mA

Select the mA output range for your application. The green icon will confirm which range is selected.

0/4 mA = 0 and 20 mA = xx%

The 0 or 4 mA is factory defaulted to 0 % level. The 20 mA may be offset to suit your control requirements and is entered in %. Typically 20 mA is set to the 100% % water in oil. For maintenance purposes to check external equipment and alarms or the analog output, the mA output can be forced by pressing the "Force" icon beside "Force a 20mA output".

mA Action

Direct mA output -0% = 4mA, Span (e.g. 100%) = 20mA Indirect mA output -0% = 20mA, Span (e.g. 100%) = 4mA

Force 20mA

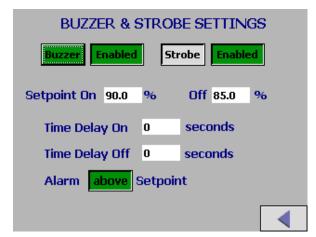
This feature allows the user to force a 20mA output to check remote equipments and alarms.

4.4 Buzzer and Strobe Beacon (Optional)

If a Buzzer or Strobe Beacon is ordered, they are factory wired to internal relays. They can be set in the same way as the Alarm relays. See section 4.2.

The buzzer can be silenced by the keystroke button "\(\widetilde{\mathbb{N}} \)" on the main screen". It will automatically reset.

The strobe can be selected to latch. If latch is chosen, an icon will display after an alarm to clear.



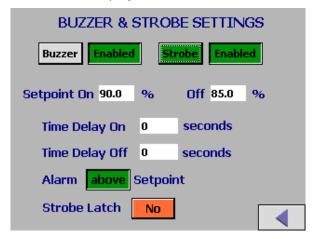


Figure 11 – Buzzer & Strobe Setting Screen View

4.5 Calibration

After the above setup parameters have been entered for the application a calibration is required. Enter the calibration menu. A Pulse Card set up will be required. Confirm the current A, K and C values shown on the screen match with the values provided on the label of the PMC card installed in junction box at the probe. If the values are different, Press the "Change" button on the screen. Enter the A, K and C values and press "Enter". The screen will indicate "Entered".

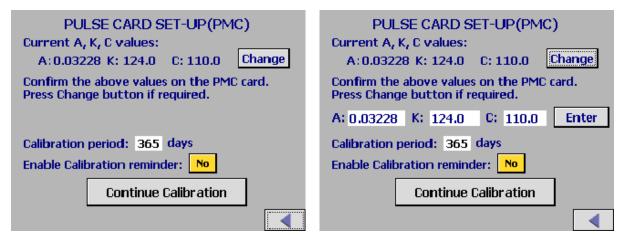


Figure 12 – Pulse Card Set-up Screen View

Calibration Reminder

The 4100-OWM has a real time clock. After calibration, the calibration date is recorded in the diagnostics. A calibration reminder can be set for up to 999 days. This feature can be enabled by pressing the "ENABLE CALIBRATION REMINDER" icon. This icon will appear again on the main screen after the preset number of days is reached. If a calibration can be done, Press the "Recalibration" icon.

If a calibration cannot be performed at the time of the reminder, this can be reset to a later date by entering the number of days until the next reminder is desired. Press "Enter" icon to activate the Reminder countdown.



Figure 13 – Calibration Reminder Screen View

4.5.1 Auto Calibration (2 TO 5 Points)

After the setup parameters have been entered for the application, a process calibration is required.

2 to 5 calibration points will need to be entered. The % water in oil will need to be changed, up or down, by at least 10% to enter each points. The actual % water in oil around the probe will need to be determined as accurately as possible.

The greater the change between the two points the better. For example, a 1% error in the entered level value for a 25% change translates to a 4% error at Full Scale.

To Calibrate.

Enter Proceed to Auto Calibration.

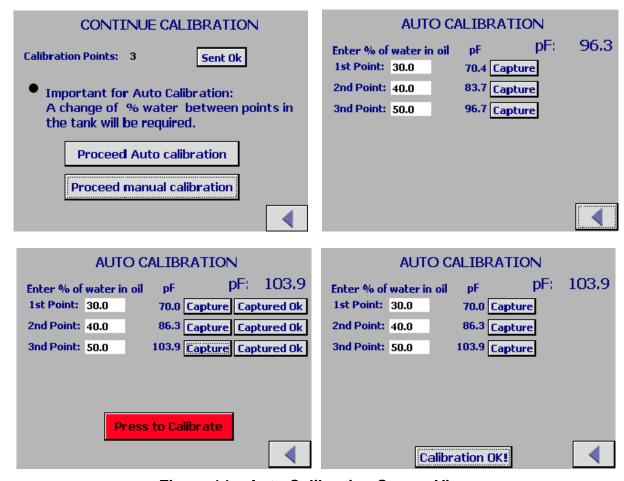


Figure 14 – Auto Calibration Screen View

Note that a capacitance reading in pF is displayed in the upper right of the screen. This is a real-time reading of the tank capacitance. If filtering has been used then the user must wait until capacitance reading has stabilized before capturing.

Enter Point 1

Enter a value, in %, of the water in oil and then press Capture to confirm and "Captured" will display.

Enter Point 2

After Point 1 is entered, the actual % concentration in the vessel will need to be changed. Change the concentration up or down. The greater the change, the greater the accuracy. The pF reading in the upper right screen will rise or lower accordingly to confirm that a change is

being registered. Enter a value in % of the second point and then press Capture to confirm and "Captured" will display.

If calibration was not successful an error message will occur. Common problems are either the concentration in the vessel was not changed or the 2nd value in % was entered identical to 1st point.

Calibrate

If all points are "Captured" then the "Calibrate" icon will display on bottom of screen.

Press the Calibrate Icon. Calibration will be confirmed "Calibration OK!".

Press the Home Key (to return to the main screen.

4.5.2 Manual Calibration

Manual calibration allows a user to override any of the previous calibration values and enter predetermined or observed calibration values. This feature may be used for a number of different reasons. For example.

- 1. One of the calibration points is desired to be re-calibrated. The user can view the pF reading of the probe in the Diagnostics menu and also record the actual level in the vessel at the same time. These values can then be entered in the Manual Calibration to change either Cal Point 1 or Cal Point 2.
- 2. If a calibration was done using 20% and 60 % as the two values (for example), but it was determined a future date that the 60% should have been entered as 70%.
- 3. The process level cannot be altered at the time of calibration so a random pF value and % level value is entered as the second point to allow operations until a proper second point can be entered. See method in 1 above.

To Calibrate.

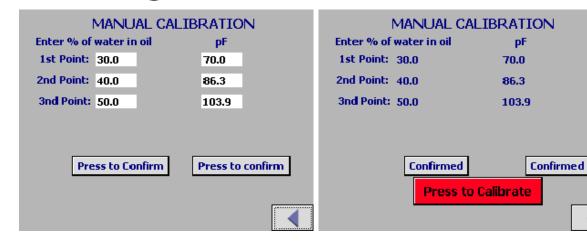
When you enter the manual calibration mode, the calibration points from the Auto Calibration will be shown. Change values then Press to confirm.

Calibrate

Press the Calibrate Icon. Calibration will be confirmed "Calibration OK!".

If calibration was not successful, an error message will occur. Common problems are either level in tank was not changed or the 2nd level value in % was entered identical to 1st point.

Press the Home Key () to return to the main screen.



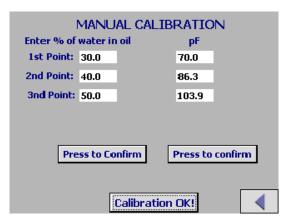
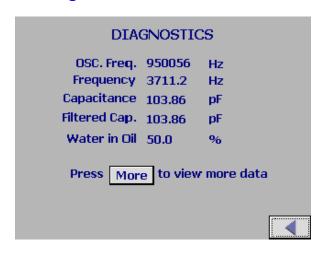


Figure 15 – Manual Calibration Set-up Screen View

The Arjay 4100-OWM is now set up, calibrated and operating to your process conditions.

4.6 Diagnostic Information



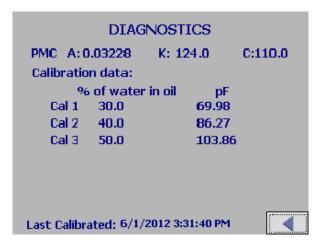


Figure 16 - Diagnostic Information Screen View

These are only View Only screens. They provide various diagnostic information that is communicating between the probe and the controller or has been entered during a calibration. This is a real-time display and is a valuable tool to observe process data such as product stability and change. If technical assistance is required during the setup or operation of the instrument, record or photograph these screens prior to contacting Arjay.

Oscillation Frequency: This is the frequency at which the probe is tuning itself as the product concentration changes. The frequency change is inverse to %. 0 Hz indicates there is no frequency to the pulse card and the probe may be disconnected.

Frequency: For stability and transmission to the main controller, the oscillation frequency of the probe is divided and linearized to a lower frequency in the PMC card. This response is also inverse to level.

Capacitance: This is the total probe, product and tank capacitance reading in picofarads. At 0% there will be an offset capacitance due to the physical length of probe and alliance to the vessel wall. If the probe wire is not connected to the PMC card properly, this will be near or at 0.0 pF.

Filtered Capacitance: During the screen set-up, there will be an opportunity to filter the output to dampen spikes. If filtering has been entered, this reading will respond slower than the true process capacitance.

Water in Oil: If a calibration has been done, the % level reading is available here.

Press "More" to view more data:

PMC: During calibration, the operator is required to enter the A,K, C values that are labeled on the PMC card as well as in the back of the manual under controller settings (Section 6.0). These 3 values are unique to each PMC card and enhance the response, accuracy and linearity of the tank capacitance for optimum performance.

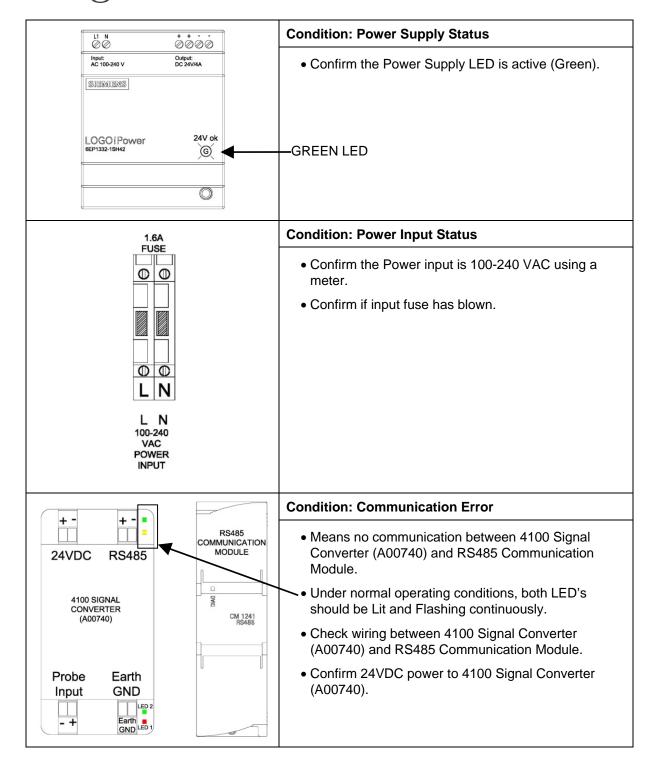
Calibration Points: These are the calibration values recorded after the last successful calibration.

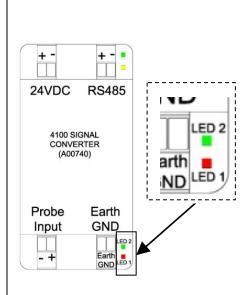
Last Calibrated: During a successful calibration, the calibration date will be recorded.

5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Main Panel

Press "?" " for some troubleshooting tips.



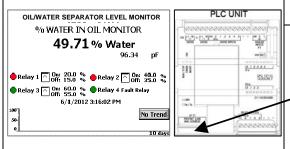


Condition: No Transmitter Signal (Status LED is Red)

- Under normal operating conditions, LED 2 should be Green. If there is an error, LED 1 goes Red.
- Make sure the PMC-2800 is installed.
- Make sure the PMC-2800 wiring is correct and there are no breaks in the wiring. At the PMC-2800, measure across the + and terminals with a DC meter. Make sure "Common" lead of meter is on '-' terminal. It should read (+) 8 to (+)10 VDC with the PMC-2800 connected and approximately 21-24 VDC with the PMC-2800 terminal disconnected from pulse card.
- The unit is not receiving a frequency signal from the remote PMC-2800 level transmitter in the probe head: Check wiring.
- Disconnect probe from pulse card to ensure that probe is not pulling down the signal. pF reading should be ~ 0.0 pF with no probe hooked up.
- Replace PMC-2800 if suspect water damage OR possible power outage may have damaged the pulse card.
- If wiring checks out: call Arjay Technical Support.

Condition: Signal out of Range

• Check the integrity of the Teflon sheath of the probe. If this has been damaged, water could cause an electrical short circuit between the probe within the Teflon sheath and the ground reference. In this case a very high capacitance is usually registered. Check the capacitance reading in diagnostics menu. To confirm: Open the probe head and disconnect the blue wire from the probe to the PMC-2800. Using a DVM, measure the resistance between the enclosure case and the probe tip. It should read infinite resistance or OL. Make sure that fingers and hands do not touch the metal portion of the probes of the DVM since this could show a lower resistance: 1-10mohms.



Condition: PLC Error

- If LCD display shows "##", check the condition of Ethernet wire connected bwteen HMI display and PLC unit for no breaks.
- Make sure the Ethernet wire is not lose from PLC or HMI terminal.

Condition: Reading not Accurate
For probes without a factory supplied concentric shield, make sure the probe is parallel to its ground reference which may be the tank wall or the inside of a stilling pipe (if probe is installed in a pipe).
 May require fine tuning – use manual calibration if changes are required to one of the cal points.

6.0 CONTROLLER SETTINGS SHEET

Checked by	
Model Number	
Serial Number	
Software Rev.	

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION		FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
PMC A value	PMC-2800 setup parameters			
PMC K value	PMC-2800 setup parameters			
PMC C value	PMC-2800 setup parameters			
	Cal.	% of Water in Oil	pF Value	
	1			
On libration	2			
Calibration	3			
	4			
	5			
Zero	Zero Level value for mA output.		0.0%	
Span	Full Scale leve	el value for mA output.	100%	
mA Range	0-20mA OR 4-	-20mA	4-20mA	
mA Action	Direct (20mA when level at span) OR Indirect (4mA when level at span)		Direct	
Relay 4 (Fault)	This relay indicates Instrument Failure. It can also be selected as an Alarm Relay.		Fault	
Relay 4 Failsafe	This relay is factory default to be normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition or power failure.		ON	
Relay 3 Hi Set	Alarm Relay 3 high alarm: alarm condition if level is above this value.		60%	
Relay 3 off	Alarm relay 3 differential off value		55%	
Relay 3 Failsafe	Failsafe ON sets the relay as normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition.		ON	
Relay 3 Alarm Action	Alarm action above OR below alarm level		Above	
Relay 3 Alarm Delay (on)	Amount of time the level must be in an alarm condition (based on Relay 3 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the alarm condition (condition set by Relay 3 Failsafe setting).		10 sec	
Relay 3 Alarm Delay (off)	Amount of time the level must stay in an alarm condition (based on Relay 3 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the normal condition (condition set by Relay 3 Failsafe setting).		10 sec	
Relay 2 Hi Set	Alarm Relay 2 high alarm: alarm condition if level is above this value.		40%	

Relay 2 off	Alarm relay 2 differential off value	35%	
Relay 2 Failsafe	Failsafe ON sets the relay as normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition.	ON	
Relay 2 Alarm Action	Alarm action above OR below alarm level	Above	
Relay 2 Alarm Delay (on & off)	Amount of time the level must be in an alarm condition (based on Relay 2 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the alarm condition (condition set by Relay 2 Failsafe setting).	10 sec	
Relay 2 Alarm Delay (off)	Amount of time the level must stay in an alarm condition (based on Relay 2 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the normal condition (condition set by Relay 2 Failsafe setting).	10 sec	
Relay 1 Hi Set	Alarm Relay 1 high alarm: alarm condition if level is above this value.	20%	
Relay 1 off	Alarm relay 1 differential off value	15%	
Relay 1 Failsafe	Failsafe ON sets the relay as normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition.	ON	
Relay 1 Alarm Action	Alarm action above OR below alarm level	Above	
Relay 1 Alarm Delay (on & off)	Amount of time the level must be in an alarm condition (based on Relay 1 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the alarm condition (condition set by Relay 1 Failsafe setting).	10 sec	
Relay 1 Alarm Delay (off)	Amount of time the level must stay in an alarm condition (based on Relay 1 alarm value and Action settings) before the relay trips to the normal condition (condition set by Relay 1 Failsafe setting).	10 sec	
Filter	Digital Filter response time in seconds. Used to smooth out level fluctuations caused by splashing etc.	0 sec	
Tag Number (Optional)	For network applications only. All Arjay 4100 series controllers connected to a network must have a unique Tag Number between 1 and 100	1	
Strobe (Optional)	Alarm value for strobe.	90% 85%	
Buzzer (Optional)	Alarm value for buzzer.	90% 85%	

7.0 DETAILED ELECTRICAL AND DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

Drawings are included in this section that are specific to your model ordered.

If drawings are not included here, record the serial number on the left outside wall of the main panel and contact:

ARJAY ENGINEERING TECHNICAL SUPPORT
(800) 387-9487
+1 (905) 829-2418
www.arjayeng.com